## GDSS

## Spelling

Hints


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## 1. Introduction

Spelling can be difficult. Don't get stressed about it though! Spelling is not a measure of how clever we are and, nowadays, we can use ICT to help us.

There are other tricks we can use to help us spell... this booklet shares some of these. You may have come across them before... we have put them together in this book so you can have another look.

By understanding letter patterns and common spelling choices you can learn to problem solve when you get stuck with a new or tricky word.

This might not make sense yet... but don't give up. The more you look at letter patterns the more you will come to understand spelling.

You may never become an expert (and you probably don't want to!) but you may feel better about spelling and reading and more confident with tricky words.

## 2. Letters -vowels and consonants

Vowels
angry
elephants
in
orange
underpants
(y is the part timer)

All the other letters are called consonants

Vowels can have a short sound as in cat and apple.
Vowels can also have a long sound as in cake and mail.

Every word or syllable in English has at least one vowel sound in it.

## 3. Syllables

- Syllables can be used to help you to spell and read words.
- A syllable is a single unit of the written or spoken word, an unbroken
 sound used to make up words.
- Syllables can be counted by tapping out each unit of sound in the word
or


Put your hand under your chin, when your chin drops you are saying a vowel sound. Each vowel sound equals one syllable.
Count how many times your chin drops in one word to count how many syllables it has.


Examples of words with:

1 syllable cat, dog, bike
2 syllables
3 syllables
4 syllables
mag-ic, tab-let, pas-ta
fan-tas-tic, bi-cy-cle, cin-e-ma
i-den-tic-al

## 4. Silent e

Letter e at the end of a word changes the vowel sound from a short vowel to a long vowel


## cap

|a_el |i-el /o_el /u_el
safe
side
home
cake
nine
ripe
smile
crime
nose
close broke
phone
rude
June
rule prune
flute
5. Letter $c$ in front of silent $e$ at the end of a word has a/s/ sound (like /s/ in hiss) /ace/ \& /a_ce/ /ice/\& /i_ce/
ace race ice
face grace
price
face
lace
pace
place
/e_ce /
pence
race
grace
space
dance
glance
ice
dice
ice
mice
nice
rice
slice
spice
twice
6. Letter $g$ in front of silent $e$ at the end of a word, the $g$ sounds like the $/ j /$ in jug

| loge/ \& Mange/ | hinge / | /use/ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| age range | hinge | bulge |
| page change | cringe <br> cage |  |
| rage |  |  |

7. /k/ sound at the start of a word

Use curly c before $\quad a, 0, u$


Use kicking $k$ before i, e


There are words that don't fit this hint... such as brand names e.g. Kit Kat or words that are not English e.g. kangaroo and kayak.

## 8. Sound $/ k /$ at the end of a word



> Use ck at the end of one syllable words, immediately after a short vowel: back, peck, lick, block and duck.


Use $k$ after a final consonant or vowel digraph

Consonant - bank, desk, milk, trunk
Digraph - seek, leak, soak, book

Use $c$ at the end of words with more than one syllable:
panic toxic fantastic havoc


## 9. Doubling final consonant

## Remember flossy zack!

Take away the vowels in the 'name' flossy zack.
The consonants $f, l, s, z$ that are left are doubled if they are at the end of a short vowel, one syllable, word.

The consonants $c$ and $k$ stick together at the end of $a$ word.


| /ff/ | /II/ | /ss/ | /zz/ | /ck/ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| cuff | bell | fuss | jazz | back |
| puff | dull | mess | buzz | speck |
| staff | shall | class | frizz | brick |
| cliff | spell | dress | whizz | clock |
| bluff | thrill | cross | whizz | truck |

## 10. A summary of long vowel spelling choices

These are the most common spellings of the long vowels. To pick a spelling choice, first ask yourself...
"Where do I hear the vowel sound?"


## 11. Suffixes

## What is a suffix?

A suffix is added to the end of a word to make a different word.

Adding a suffix changes the meaning of a word.

Some suffixes begin with a vowel:

|  | -es | -ed | -ing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -er | -est | -ist | -ish |
| -able | -ous | -y | -ive |
| -al | -ism | -ous |  |

Others begin with a consonant:

| -ly | -ness | -ful | -s | -less |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -ment -some | -ty | -tion |  |  |

Consonant
Suffixes
12. Suffixes: Doubling the final consonant

When a word has one vowel before a single end consonant, double the consonant before adding the suffix.
skip skipped skipping skipper
thin thinner thinning thinner shop shopper shopping shopper swim swimming swimmer
13. Suffixes: dropping e...

Drop final e before adding a vowel suffix.
hope + ing $=$ hoping
hope + ed = hoped
hope+ful = hopeful
pave + ing = paving

Vowel Suffix drop final e
then add suffix
14. Suffixes: Keep final e

Keep final e when adding a consonant suffix like-s, ly, -ness, -ful, -less, -ment, -ty and -some.

care<br>care + s = cares<br>care + ful $=$ careful<br>care + less = careless

## Consonant Suffix <br> keep final e <br> then add suffix

15. Suffixes: changing $y$ to $i$

When a word ends in $y$, change $y$ to $i$ when adding a suffix
... baby +es = babies
happy + ly = happily
dusty + er = dustier


Tom happily cuddles Alfie.

## BUT not when

## 1. The suffix starts with $i$ <br> ... cry + ing = crying

2. There is a vowel before $y$
...play + ed = played


We played until the sun went down.

## 16. Suffix /shun/

Most used spelling choice for/shun/ is tion
This is used when there is a
consonant directly before /shun/:
direction reception action friction
long vowel directly before/shun/:
station conversation population
except for 'i' which in multi syllabic words will sound as the short vowel:
exhibition ambition position

Another common spelling choice for/shun/ is cian, this is used for nouns describing occupations: politicain optician dietician

Other spelling choices for /shun/ include sion and ssion: use sion when adding to words ending in:
se diverse - diversion
nd comprehend - comprehension
ge emerge - emersion
vert convert - conversion
pel propel - propulsion
use ssion when adding to words ending in ss:
ss possess - possession


